pco.edge 4.2 LT

scientific CMOS camera

low noise **0.8 electrons**

high resolution **2048 x 2048 pixel**



USB 3.0

small form factor

high speed **40 fps**

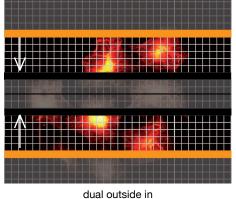
high dynamic range **37 500 : 1**

high quantum efficiency **up to 82 %**

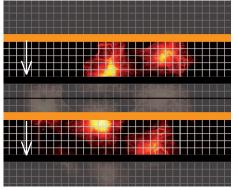




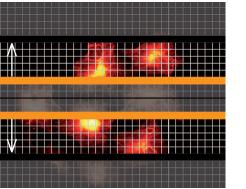
features



Selectable rolling shutter operation modes of pco.edge cameras.



dual top down



dual inside out



single top down

rolling shutter readout modes – optimized for synchronization of microscopes and scanning applications

All pco.edge sCMOS cameras from the beginning feature a variety of precise synchronization modes, which are optimized for advanced microscopy imaging and scanning. The flexible frame and line triggers with very low latency in combination with the free selectable readout modes can easily be combined to cover every modern microscopy situation to name a few:

- lightsheet microscopy
- selective plane imaging microscopy (SPIM)
- structured illumination microscopy
- localizations microscopy (GSD, PALM, STORM, dSTORM)
- spinning disk confocal microscopy
- RESOLFT

For example, one mode is used in a lightsheet or SPIM application, the lower right rolling shutter operational mode "single top down" operation is convenient to properly synchronize the camera exposure with the scanner. On the other hand, if speed is required and a flash like exposure is applied the upper left mode "dual outside in" is used for localization microscopy techniques like GSD, PALM or STORM.



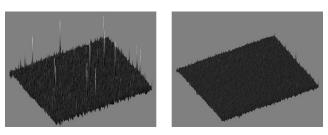
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features

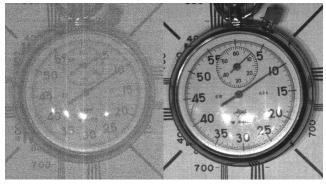
superior image quality

The pco.edge sCMOS camera features outstanding low read out noise. Even at maximum speed of 40 frames/s at full resolution of 2048 x 2048 pixel the noise is 0.8 e⁻ med. Moreover the pco.edge provides an excellent homogeneous pixel response to light (PRNU, photo response non-uniformity) and an excellent homogeneous dark signal pixel behaviour (DSNU, dark signal non-uniformity), which is achieved by a sophisticated electronic circuit technology and firmware algorithms.

The lower figure shows a comparison of a scientific grade CCD and the new pco.sCMOS image sensor under similar weak illumination conditions. This demonstrates the superiority of sCMOS over CCD with regards to read out noise and dynamic, without any smear (the vertical lines in the CCD image).



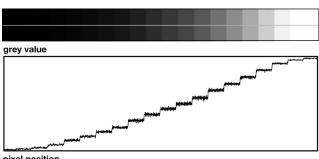
Dark image comparison with the measured distribution of "hot blinking" pixels at typical cooled down operating temperature of the image sensor. The left image gives a 3D view with the sophisticated "blinker filter" algorithm off and the right image shows the result with the filter switched on.



The left image was recorded by a scientific CCD camera while the right image was recorded by a pco.edge under identical conditions.

flexibility and free of latency

User selectable choice of rolling shutter modes for exposure provides flexibility for a wide range of applications. The advantages of rolling shutter are high frame rates and low read out noise. Due to realtime transmission of the image data to the PC, there is no latency between recording and access or storage of the data.



pixel position

The top image shows an extract of a typical pco.edge recording of a grey scale with a 1 : 10 000 dynamic in 20 steps. The bottom image is a plot of the grey values profile along the centered line through the top image (with gamma 2.2).

37 500:1 dynamic range

Due to the excellent low noise and the high fullwell capacity of the sCMOS image sensor an intra scene dynamic range of better than 37 500 : 1 is achieved. A unique architecture of dual column level amplifiers and dual 11 bit ADCs is designed to maximize dynamic range and to minimize read out noise simultaneously. Both ADC values are analyzed and merged into one high dynamic 16 bit value.



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technical data USB 3.0

image sensor

inage senser	
type of sensor	scientific CMOS (sCMOS)
image sensor	CIS2020A
resolution (h x v)	2048 x 2048 active pixel
pixel size (h x v)	6.5 μm x 6.5 μm
sensor format / diagonal	13.3 mm x 13.3 mm / 18.8 mm
shutter modes	rolling shutter (RS)
	with free selectable readout modes,
	global reset - rolling readout (GR)
MTF	76.9 lp/mm (theoretical)
fullwell capacity (typ.)	30 000 e⁻
readout noise ¹	0.8med /1.3rms e-
dynamic range (typ.)	37 500 : 1 (91.5 dB)
quantum efficiency	up to 82 % @ peak
spectral range	370 nm 1100 nm
dark current (typ.)	< 0.8 e ⁻ /pixel/s @ 10 °C
DSNU	< 0.3 e⁻ rms
PRNU	< 0.2 %
anti blooming factor	> 10 000

camera		
frame rate	40 fps	
	@ 2048 x 2048 pixel	
exposure / shutter time	100 μs 10 s RS	
	30 µs 2 s GR	
dynamic range A/D ³	16 bit	
A/D conversion factor	0.46 e ⁻ /count	
pixel scan rate	110.0 MHz	
pixel data rate	220.0 Mpixel/s	
binning horizontal	x1, x2, x4	
binning vertical	x1, x2, x4	
region of interest (ROI)	horizontal: steps of 4 pixels	
	vertical: steps of 1 pixel	
non-linearity	< 0.6 %	
cooling method	+10 °C stabilized,	
	peltier with forced air (fan)	
	(up to 27°C ambient)	
trigger input signals	frame trigger, programmable input	
	(SMA connectors)	
trigger output signals	exposure, busy, line, programmable	
	output (SMA connectors)	
data interface	USB 3.0	
time stamp	in image (1 µs resolution)	

frame rate table² typical examples

2048 x 2048	40 fps
2048 x 1024	80 fps
2048 x 512	160 fps
2048 x 256	315 fps
2048 x 128	610 fps
1920 x 1080	76 fps
1600 x 1200	69 fps
1280 x 1024	80 fps
640 x 480	170 fps
320 x 240	335 fps

general

general	
power supply	12 24 VDC (+/- 10 %)
power consumption	21 W max. (typ. 12 W @ 20 °C)
weight	900 g
operating temperature	+ 10 °C + 40 °C
operating humidity range	10 % 80 % (non-condensing)
storage temperature range	- 10 °C + 60 °C
optical interface	F-mount & C-mount
CE / FCC certified	yes

¹ The readout noise values are given as median (med) and root mean square (rms) values, due to the different noise models, which can be used for evaluation. All values are raw data without any filtering. ² Max. fps with centered ROI.

³ The high dynamic signal is simultaneously converted at high and low gain by two 11 bit A/D converters and the two 11 bit values are sophistically merged into one 16 bit value.

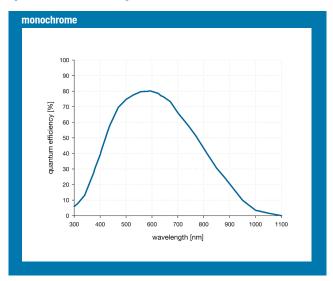




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technical data

quantum efficiency



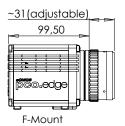
camera views

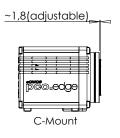


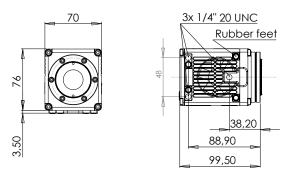


dimensions

F-mount and C-mount lens changeable adapter.









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technical data

software

For camera control, image acquisition and archiving of images in various file formats PCO provides the software application Camware (Windows 7, 8 and later).

A camera SDK (software development kit) including a 32 / 64 bit dynamic link library for user customization and integration on PC platforms is available for free.

For camera interface drivers and a list of supported third party software please visit **www.pco.de**.









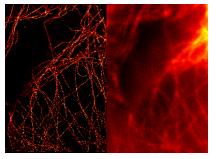




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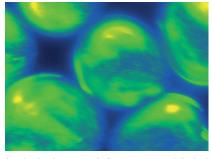
applications

life science



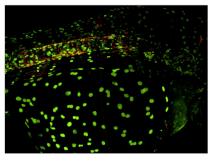
A widefield (right) and a GSDIM superresolution (left) microscopy image of tubulin fibers obtained with a pco.edge, courtesy of Leica Microsystems, Germany

physical science



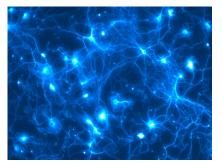
A single image of fluorescence labeled protein networks in water drops in an oil phase, which moved fast. One pixel corresponds to 0.1625 µm in reality, courtesy of Prof. Dr. Sarah Köster, Institute for X-Ray Physics, Göttingen, Germany

life science



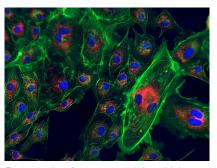
Zebrafish with two fluorescent labels, collected with a VisiScope Confocal based on the Yokogawa CSU-W1 wide head and a pco.edge camera, courtesy of Visitron Systems GmbH, Germany

life science



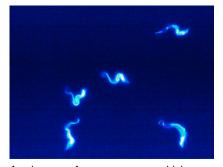
Neuronal network marked with a fluorophore (false color rendering) and recorded with a pco.edge.

life science



Extract of a fluorescent slide which was scanned by a pco.edge camera in a Pannoramic 250 Flash scanner for digital pathology, courtesy of 3DHistech, Hungary

life science



An image of a sequence, which was recorded with a pco.edge at 400 frame/s. The maximum signal was about 100 photons, courtesy of Prof. Engstler, University of Würzburg, Germany

application areas

Widefield microscopy
Fluorescent microscopy
Digital pathology
PALM
STORM
GSDIM
dSTORM
Superresolution microscopy
Lightsheet microscopy
Selective plane imaging microscopy
(SPIM)
Calcium imaging
FRET
FRAP
3D structured illumination microscopy
High speed bright
field ratio imaging
High throughput screening
High content screening
Biochip reading
TIRF
TIRF
microscopy
V vaveguides
Spinning disk confocal microscopy
Live cell microscopy
3D metrology
TV / broadcasting
Ophtalmology
Electro physiology
Lucky astronomy
Photovoltaic inspection

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